THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

NO. 11. VOL. 8.] NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, MARCH 21, 1868. [PRICE 6d. or 12 cts.

"THE QUEEN'S BOOK."

The leading London journals are lavish in praise of the Queen's new book, entitled "Leaves from the Journal of Our Life in the Highlands." The *Times*, especially, seems much pleased with it. "There can be no doubt," says our big contemporary, "that the Queen's Journal, dealing frankly with common things, open to common observation, and exciting the well-known feelings of our kind, will touch the popular heart as it cannot be touched by the extraordinary and unknown. And, indeed, in addition to the common feeling which so quickly reaches the human heart, there is here the uncommon also—in that such a book should be written by such a lady." "Year by year," continues the *Times*, "the Queen seemed to become more attached to the Highlands, more eager to return to them, more loth to leave them. She seemed as if she could take up the burden of the Scotish song, 'My heart's in the Highlands, my heart is not here.'" Among the extracts given by the *Times* are the following:—

THE KIRK.

"October 29, 1854.

"We went to kirk as usual at 12 o'clock. The service was performed by the Rev. Norman McLeod, of Glasgow, son of Dr. McLeod, and anything finer I never heard. The sermon, entirely extempore, was quite admirable, so simple, and yet so eloquent, and so beautifully argued and put. The text was from the account of the coming of Nicodemus to Christ by night; St. John, chapter 3. Mr. McLeod showed in the sermon how we all tried to please *self*, and live for that, and in so doing found no rest. Christ had come not only to die for us, but to show how we were to live. The second prayer was very touching; his allusions to us were so simple, saying, after his mention of us, "bless their children.' It gave me a lump in my throat, as also when he prayed for 'the dying, the wounded, the widow and the orphans.' Every one came back delighted; and how satisfactory it is to come back from church with such feelings! The servants and the Highlanders—*all*—were equally delighted."

She speaks with not less enjoyment of another Scotch minister, whose sermon she commanded to be published:

"Qctober 14, 1855.

"To kirk at 12 o'clock. The Rev. J. Caird, one of the most celebrated preachers in Scotland, performed the service and electrified all present by a most admirable and beautiful sermon, which lasted nearly an hour, but which kept one's attention rivited The text was from the 12th chapter of Romans and the 11th verse—'Not slothful in business; fervent in spirit: serving the Lord.' He explained in the most beautiful and simple manner what real religion is; how it ought to pervade every action of our lives; not a thing only for Sundays, or for our closet; not a thing to drive us from the world: 'not a perpetual moping over good books,' but 'being and doing good,' 'letting everything be done in a Christian spirit.' It was as fine as Mr. McLeod's sermon last year, and sent us home much edified."

THE QUEEN'S OPINION OF EDINBURGH.

"The impression Edinburgh has made upon us is very great; it is quite beautiful, totally unlike anything I have seen; and what is even more, Albert, who has seen so much, says it is unlike anything he ever saw; it is so regular; everything built of massive stone, there is not a brick to be seen anywhere * * * * The view of Edinburgh from the road before you enter Leith is quite enchanting; it is, as Albert said, fairy-like, and what you would only imagine as a thing to dream of or to see in a picture. There was that beautiful large town, all of stone (no meddling colors of brick to mar it), with the bold Castle on one side, and the Calton hill on the other, with those high sharp hills of Arthur's Seat and Salisbury Crags towering above all, and making the finest, boldest background imaginable. Albert said he felt sure the Acropolis could not be finer."

THE QUEEN REVISITS TAYMOUTH.

"I revisited Taymouth last autumn, on the 3d of October, from Dunkeld (*incognita*,) with Louise, the Dowager Duchess of Athole, and Miss M'Gregor. As we could not have driven through the grounds without asking permission, and we did not wish to be known, we decided upon not attempting to do so, and contented ourselves with getting out at a gate close to a small fort into which we were led by a woman from the gardener's house, near to which we had stopped, and who had no idea who we were.

"We got out, and looked from the height down upon the house below, the mist having cleared away sufficient to show us everything; and then, unknown, quite in private, I gazed—not without deep emotion—on the scene of our reception twenty-four years ago, by dear Lord Bredalbane, in a princely style, not to be equalled in grandeur and poetical effect.

"Albert and I were then only twenty-three, young and happy. How many are gone that were with us then!

"I was very thankful to have seen them again.

"It seems unaltered.—1866."

ON THE DEATH OF WELLINGTON.

"We got off our ponies, and I had just sat down to sketch, when Mackenzie returned, saying my watch was safe at home, and bringing letters. Amongst them there was one from Lord Derby, which I tore open, and, alas! it contained the confirmation of the fatal news: that *England's*, or rather *Britain's*, pride, her glory, her hero, the greatest man she had ever produced, was no more! Sad day! Great and irreparable loss! Lord Derby inclosed a few lines from Lord Charles Wellesley, saying that his dear great father had died on Tuesday, at three o'clock, after a few hours' illness, and no suffering. God's will be done! The day must have come; the Duke was eighty-three. It is well for him that he has been taken while still in the possession of his great mind, and without a long illness; but what a *loss!* One cannot think of this country without the Duke—our immortal hero! In him centred almost every earthly honour a subject could possess. His position was the highest a subject ever had—above party—looked up to by all—revered by the whole nation—The friend of the Sovereign. And *how* simply he carried those honours! With what singleness of purpose, what straightforwardness, what courage, were all the motives of his actions governed. The Crown never possessed—and I fear never *will*—so *devoted*, loyal and faithful a subject, so staunch a supporter! To *us* (who, alas! have lost now so many of our valued and experienced friends) his loss is *irreparable*, for his readiness to aid and advise, if it could be of use to us, and to overcome any and every difficulty, was unequalled. To Albert he showed the greatest kindness and the utmost confidence. His experience and knowledge of the past were so great, too; he was a link which connected us with bygone times, with the last century. Not an eye will be dry in the whole country. We hastened down on foot to the head of Loch Muich, and then rode home, in a heavy shower, to Alt-na-Guithasach. Our whole enjoyment was spoilt; a gloom overhung all of us. We wrote to Lord Derby and Lord Charles Wellesley."

New Advertisements.

S.T-1860-X.

A great French Physician says: "More than half the disease in the world comes from neglect to fortify the system against changes of climate, weather and food. The great secret of health is to keep the condition of the Stomach and Blood regular and uniform, so that changes from Heat to Cold, from Dry to Damp, etc., cannot upset the machinery of the Body, and breed disease."

Now, it is a fact, positive and well known, that there is no such bulwark and assistant for the Stomach as

PLANTATION BITTERS.

This splendid Tonic is now used by all classes of people for every symptom of a "Stomach out of order."

The secret of it is this: Plantation Bitters are certain to correct the juices of the Stomach, set all its machinery at work, and enable it to resist and throw off the approaching danger. The tendency of the operations of Nature is always towards a cure; all she needs is a little assistance at the proper time. How much more reasonable and sensible it is to help her along with a gentle yet powerful Tonic, than to deluge and weaken and defeat her curative processes with poisonous drugs and fiery mixtures which only stupify and plant the seeds of disease and death.

Important Certificates.

"* * * I owe much to you, for I verily believe the Plantation Bitters have saved my life.
REV. W. H. WAGONER, Madrid, N. Y."

"* * * Thou wilt send me two bottles more of thy Plantation Bitters. My wife has been greatly benefited by their use. Thy friend, ASA CURRIN, Phil., Pa."

"* * * I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and had to abandon preaching. * * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me.
REV. J. S. CATHORN, Rochester, N. Y."

"* * * I have given the Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our disabled soldiers with the most astonishing effect.
G. W. D. ANDREWS,
Superintendent Soldiers' Home, Cincinnati, O."

The Plantation Bitters make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted Nature's great restorer.

The public may rest assured that in no case will the perfectly pure standard of the PLANTATION BITTERS be departed from.

Every bottle bears the fac-simile of our signature on a steel plate engraving, or it cannot be genuine.

Any person pretending to sell PLANTATION BITTERS *in bulk or by the gallon, is a swindler and imposter. Beware of refilled bottles. See that our Private Stamp is* UNMUTILATED *over every cork.*

Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Dealers throughout the world.

P. H. Drake & Co., NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETORS.
Redington & Co., 416 and 418 Front St. San Francisco,
Agents for California and Nevada.

FLEAS.

LYON'S MAGNETIC INSECT POWDER is sure and certain death to everything of the Insect species—Fleas, Roaches, Mosquitos, Ants, Bugs.

IT KILLS INSTANTLY.

What is peculiarly surprising in regard to this article is, that notwithstanding its instant death to insects, it is perfectly harmless to mankind and domestic animals. It can be handled, or eaten with impunity. It bears the testimony of eminent disinterested chemists that it is

FREE FROM POISON.

No article has ever given such positive satisfaction in its use.

Its reputation is well known. It is easily and readily used—Directions accompany each flask. Beware of counterfeits.

The genuine has the signature if E. LYON, and the private stamp of DEMAS BARNES & Co. Anything else of this kind is an imitation or counterfeit. Any druggist will procure the genuine if you insist you will have no other.

Sold by all druggists and dealers on Pacific Coast.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.

It is an admitted fact that the Mexican Mustang Liniment performs more cures in shorter time, on man and beast, than any article ever discovered.

No compound has ever been invented so useful and efficacious in curing

RHEUMATISM, SORE THROAT,
STIFF & WEAK JOINTS, BURNS,
BRUISES, EAR ACHE,
SPRAINS, FRESH CUTS OR WOUNDS,
SWELLINGS,

Or any other complaints requiring external application.

FOR HORSES,

It is an indispensable and valuable remedy in all cases of Spavin, Splint, Ring-bone, Wind-galls, Bruises, Strains, &c.

It should be kept in every house, camp and stable. Accidents will occur. Promptness is efficacy.

All genuine is wrapped in steel plate engravings, bearing the signature of G. W. Westbrook, Chemist, and the PRIVATE U. S. Stamp of DEMAS BARNES & Co. over the top.

An effort has been made to counterfeit it with a cheap stone plate label. LOOK CLOSELY!

Sold by all Druggists and Stores in every town and mining camp on the Pacific coast.

jy8 1y

TO CARIBOO.

FORWARDING DIRECT.

THE undersigned hereby notify all whom it may concern that they have now perfected arrangements by which they are prepared to undertake the prompt, safe, speedy and cheap forwarding of goods from Yale to Cariboo. They have a strong train of mule teams upon the route, and possess the means of undertaking the conveyance of any quantity of freight on the shortest notice and at the most reasonable rates. Those having freighting to be done will save, in time, money and risk, by choosing this efficient and reliable medium.

J. C. BEEDY & Co.
Yale, December 9th, 1867 tc

New Advertisements.

D. Withrow

COLUMBIA STREET,
NEW WESTMINSTER.

Importer
.....AND.....
MANUFACTURER
.....OF, AND.....
DEALER IN
FURNITURE
BEDDING,
WILLOW - WARE,
WINDOW SASHES,
DOORS, &c.

FURNITURE.

Parlor and Bed-room Suits, Tables, Bureaus, Side-boards, Cupboards, Chairs, Sofas, Couches, What-nots, Wash-stands, Mirrors, Hat-racks, Hassocks, &c., &c.

BEDDING.

Hair Mattrasses, Pulu do., Straw do., and Feather beds.

WILLOW WARE,

Baby Carriages, Baby Cradles, Baskets of every size and description, Toys, in great variety.

WINDOWS, DOORS, &C.

This is the only House in the United Colony that imports and keeps on hand an assortment of Window sash, Doors, and Venetian Blinds of Eastern manufacture. Also on hand, Window glass, Putty, Wall paper, &c., &c.,

MOULDINGS.

In Gilt and Rosewood, for Picture frames, constantly on hand, and Pictures framed with neatness and dispatch.

MUSIC.

Sole Agent for A. McPHAIL & Co's. Grand over-string

PIANOS.

A few superior Instruments now on hand.

All the above Goods being imported direct from the Manufacturers, will be sold at prices which will defy successful competition.

☞Orders from the up-country are solicited, and will receive special attention.

au31te D. WITHROW.

New Advertisements.

TO LEASE.

A TWO-STORY Dwelling-house, hard-finished throughout, comprising a drawing-room, bed-room, kitchen pantry, wash-room and a large hall fifteen by twenty feet on the ground-floor, and four large bed-rooms, with closets, &c., and a hall fifteen by twenty-three feet on the second floor, together with outhouses, &c., complete. Also a large and well kept garden, containing over 100 fruit trees, mostly bearing, and several hundred currant bushes, &c., &c. Also 12 acres of enclosed land, one-half of which is in Timothy. The above property is within five minutes walk of the centre of the City, and may be had for a term of years upon the most liberal terms.

Apply to
WM. CLARKSON.
New Westminster, May 11th, 1867. tc

LUMBER.

THE British Columbia and Vancouver Island Spar, Lumber and Saw Mill Company, Limited, are prepared to contract for the delivery of Lumber at New Westminster on the following terms:—

Rough lumber	$11 ₱ m.
Planed t. & g. flooring,	16 "
" Cedar,	20 "
" Clear Spruce	16 "

EDWARD STAMP,
no11 1m Manager.

PRIZE SALMON.

PUT up in Kits by Duncan McLean, convenient for family use,
For Sale by
WM. CLARKSON.
oc26 1m

FOR SALE.

One 12 Horse power Steam Engine and Boiler.

THE COMPLETE
MACHINERY FOR
A SAW MILL,
AND A
PLANER.
either together or in Lots.

Apply to
ap6tc H. V. EDMONDS.

TO LET.

THE whole or part of the house lately occupied by Mr. Withrow, on the Royal Avenue.

Application to
W. E. CORMACK.
New Westminster, Jany. 21, 1868. *

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

The property known as "Savona's Ferry," situated at the foot of Lake Kamloops.

THE Ferry is in good running order with ample supply of good boats, &c. There is attached a comfortable Hotel, with good stabling.

It is the only Public House between the Waggon road at Cache Creek and Kamloops, and is situated about midway between these points.

Terms favorable. Apply to
WILLIAM CLARKSON, N. W.
CARIE & GRANCINI, Victoria.
W. H. KAY, Proprietor, at Glenhart.
fy29tc

NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM WOODMAN, DECEASED.

ALL persons having claims against the above Estate are requested to present the same to the undersigned on or before the 1st March next; and all persons indebted to the above Estate are requested to pay the same on or before the above date.

fe15 td T. CUNNINGHAM.

New Advertisements.

WILLIAM CLARKSON,

DEALER IN
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
FRUITS,
AND
Vegetables.

☞All kinds of Farm Produce bought and sold.

COLUMBIA STREET
NEW WESTMINSTER.

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS

JUST RECEIVED
AND
FOR SALE,
FRESH GROWN
COLONIAL AND
CALIFORNIA
GARDEN & FIELD
SEEDS,
at G. R. ASHWELL'S.
Fe15 2m Front Street.

COLONIAL HOTEL,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Grelley & Arnaud
Hotel and Restaurant,
A SPLENDID
BILLLIARD SALOON,

In which will always be found the best
DRINKS AND CIGARS.

In connection with the above they have opened a Store stocked with the choicest Brands of

WINES,	LIQUORS,
ALES,	PORTER,
BRANDIES,	RUM,
CIDER,	SYRUPS,
CORDIALS,	BITTERS, &c.,

which they will sell by the bottle, gallon, in case.

—ALSO—
THE BEST BRANDS OF
CIGARS,
HAVANA, MANILLA and CHEROOTS
New Westminster, June 12 1867 je12 tc

REDUCTION,

IN
Express Rate.

BARNARD'S EXPRESS.

The rate of charges on letters by Express between New Westminster and Victoria is reduced to 12½ CENTS.
F. J. BARNARD.
New Westminster, B. C.
January 4th., 1868.

Important to Business Men in Victoria, California, Portland, and Places on the Sound!

THIS JOURNAL is the oldest newspaper published in British Columbia; is read by every business man from New Westminster to the Rocky Mountains, and is unrivalled as an advertising medium for this Colony.

DAVID SPENCER, in Victoria, and L. P. FISHER, in San Francisco, are our authorized Agents.

This paper may be read gratuitously in London at the Central Establishment of "HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT," 244, Strand, where advertisements and subscriptions for the same are received.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY.

In Bankruptcy—W. S. S. Green.
Notice—Kimball & Gladwin.
Notice—Geo. Dietz.

The British Columbian.

SATURDAY, MARCH 21, 1868.

THE CAPITAL QUESTION.

It would be little better than mere affectation on our part to ignore the existence of a growing feeling of insecurity in this community, anent the question of the removal of the Seat of Government. As good British subjects, we utterly refuse to believe Her Majesty's Government capable of perpetrating an act so flagrant as that which would be implied in a realization of the fears of many in this community. Without any intention of fatiguing the reader by a recapitulation of circumstances already almost stereotyped in these columns, we may be permitted to say, in a word, why we cannot bring ourselves to think so ill of the Imperial Government. The site for the Capital was chosen by a special Commissioner, particularly charged with that duty. It was, in a most marked and formal way, approved of and established by the home Government. In offering the lots for sale the proclamation distinctly set forth the intention of the Government to concentrate the commercial interests of the country in and around the capital. When the sale of lots was about to begin, intending purchasers enquired what would be done with the purchase-money. The auctioneer applied for instructions, and was authorized to announce, and announced accordingly, that the purchase-money would be employed in clearing and grading the streets. Upon the faith of the selection and formal establishment of New Westminster as the Capital, upon the official announcement that the commercial interests of the Colony would be concentrated in and around it, and upon the distinct assurance that the purchase-money would be employed in forming the streets, the public bought lots, upon that occasion, to the amount of something like ninety thousand dollars! Was faith kept with the purchasers in the matter of forming the streets? No. The whole of the purchase-money obtained at that and subsequent sales was absorbed in the general revenue, and those who purchased lots were left to tax themselves for the purpose of doing what a faithless Government had promised to do for them. We may be asked: "If so gross a breach of faith has been committed in regard to one of the conditions, why may not the others be treated in the same way?" That was the act of the local Government of the time; and there can be little doubt that had it been properly represented at home, justice would have been done; but, unfortunately, no effort was ever made to obtain redress. Had we now to deal with the same Government that misappropriated the purchase-money there can be little doubt that the other pledges would be equally disregarded, and the seat of Government removed to Victoria, thereby literally swindling the purchasers out of the value for which so large a sum of money was paid into the Colonial Treasury. But, fortunately, we have Her Majesty's Government to deal with; and until that Government has proved itself capable of disregarding "public faith and honor," and sacrificing a large, loyal, and peaceful British community to serve the interests and gratify the unreasonable demands of a heartless, soulless, conscienceless company of fur traders, aided and abetted by a community—of which the less said the better, we must hold it to be incapable of such an act. Some think that the question is to be settled by a vote of the Legislative Council. But, surely it cannot be seriously intended that a body so formed can decide such a question, that by a mere counting of noses in such an assembly, British subjects can be unceremoniously deprived of their property—the result of money paid into the Treasury, and the subsequent expenditure of ten years' hard earnings! If such really should prove to be the case, if the Government officials, the servants of the people, who receive their salaries from the pockets of the people, are going to turn round and, by a mere vote, rob a whole community, both town and district—for every settler between the Gulf of Georgia and Yale has a direct interest in the issue—of large vested rights, simply because, in doing so, they can enhance the value of their property at Victoria, then will the people of New Westminster know how to apply the rod to the backs of these so-called public servants. Nor need the Imperial Government think to shift the onus of the act to local shoulders. In a Crown Colony, governed as this is, there can be no evading responsibility. The people of New Westminister have ever been peaceful, orderly and law-abiding, it is true. But it must not be inferred from this that the climax of official wrong and perfidy would be accepted with that equanimity which has characterized the past.

"Whose hand is't that the forest bear doth lick?
Not his that spoils her young before her face.
Who 'scapes the lurking serpent's mortal sting?
Not he that sets his foot upon her back.
The smallest worm will turn, being trodden on.
And doves will peck, in safeguard of their brood."

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

EUROPE.

(DATES TO 17TH MARCH.)

Irish Reform largely occupied the attention of the Commons. The O'Donoghue said that disaffection was widespread, and reached all classes, of which ecclesiastical and agrarian grievances were the leading causes. The first step in reform should be to deprive the Irish Church Establishment of its endowments, and grant tenant leases of not less duration than thirty-one years. Gladstone spoke at length upon the subject. He urged the duty of encouraging agriculturists and establishing religious equality throughout the country. His speech concluded with an eloquent appeal to the House to take immediate action. Disraeli followed. He said the former Ministry had neglected the wrongs of ages, and he deprecated hasty action. If passed to an issue on the question the Government would appeal to the country. All they asked for was time. The Prince of Wales will make his intended visit to Ireland during the Easter holidays. It is intimated that the occasion will be commemorated by a Royal Proclamation granting partial amnesty to political offenders in Ireland. Recent developments lead to the belief that Fenian attempts to induce soldiers in England, Ireland and Scotland to join their ranks have not been wholly unsuccessful. The Papal Government has rejected the advice of the Emperor for the pacification of Italy. Dispatches from Abyssinia say that Gen. Napier was about to send out a reconnoitering party to Ascigo or Tigre district. The Pasha of Egypt shows no disposition to withdraw from Abyssinia as requested by the British Government. On the contrary the Egyptians are in camp at Massowa, and had received considerable reinforcements from the North.

EASTERN STATES.

At one o'clock on the 13th the Senate was organized as a Court of Impeachment. Counsel for the defence asked for a delay of forty days. The Court favored proceeding immediately with the trial unless cause for delay was shown. Finally the Court adjourned till 23d March. On the 17th the Impeachment Managers had a session and completed their arrangements for proceeding with the trial. They feel confident that it will not be necessary to withdraw any of the articles. The House Foreign Affairs Committee had a long session over the Alaska Appropriation Bill, but reached no conclusion. Considerable diversity of opinion exists among the members. A severe storm occurred at Chicago on the 16th. Forty or fifty houses were blown down in the city, and in the country much damage was done.

DEPRESSION.—Perhaps upon the principle that "misery likes company," it is a sort of comfort to know that we are not worse off than others. A Detroit paper says, the stagnation in that city is so great that 1,000 clerks are out of employment, together with 2,500 mechanics, heads of families who cannot expect to obtain work till spring.

ORIENTAL MAGNIFICENCE.—The British Viceroy in India has lately held a grand celebration at Lucknow. The princes of Queen Victoria's Oriental Empire of 200,000,000 people passed in gorgeous procession before the Viceroy. Four hundred richly caparisoned elephants also formed part of the grand array.

FROM YALE.—Barnard's Express from Yale, arrived on Wednesday. The Cariboo Express was despatched on the following morning, and another was sent out this morning.

NOTHING LATER.—There have been no fresh arrivals from the mines during the week, so that we are without any later news.

EXPECTED.—Barnard's Cariboo Express will arrive at Yale this evening, and will be due here on Wednesday.

New Advertisements.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

WHEREAS a petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, bearing date the 21st day of March, 1868, hath been duly filed against Thomas Roper, of Four Mile Prairie, British Columbia, out of business, formerly carrying on business at the 108 Mile House, British Columbia aforesaid, in partnership with William Roper, under the name and style of W. and T. Roper as Publicans and Farmers, and he, having been declared a Banprupt, is required to surrender himself to the Hon. Matthew Baillie Begbie, one of Her Majesty's Commissioners of the Court of Bankruptcy, on the 31st day of March instant, and the 28th day of April next, respectively, at five o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House, New Westminster, and there make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects when and where the creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts and at the first sitting to choose Assignees, and at the last sitting the Bankrupt is required to finish his examination.

All persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his effects are not to pay or deliver the same but to Charles Edward Pooley, the Official Assignee, whom the said Commissioner has appointed.

W. S. SEBRIGHT GREEN,
Solicitor for Bankrupt.
ma21 6t

NOTICE.

ON the 27th day of August, 1866, we forwarded one (1) Billiard Table, marked L in diamond, and consigned to Thomas Earl, Savona's Ferry. Said Table is still stored with the H. B. Co.; and all parties interested in said Table are hereby notified that if the charges are not paid in thirty (30) days, on the said Table, we will sell it at Public Auction to defray our charges.

KIMBALL & GLADWIN.
Yale, B.C. March 14, 1868. ma21 1m

NOTICE.

A GENERAL Meeting of the Shareholders of THE CHERRY CREEK SILVER MINING COMPANY, LIMITED will be held at Yale, on Thursday, April 9th, at one o'clock, p.m.

By order of the Board of Directors,
GEO. DEITZ,
Secretary.
ma21 td

JOHN S. DEAS,

MANUFACTURER & DEALER IN

HARDWARE, STOVES, AND TINWARE.

FRONT STREET, YALE, B. C.
ma18tc

AUCTION SALE.

A CHOICE collection of Fruit trees, Flowering shrubs, &c., &c., late the property of

WARNER SPALDING, ESQ.,

will be sold by Public Auction, at his former residence, on

Saturday, 28th inst.,

AT 1 O'CLOCK, P.M.

CONSISTING OF

Apple, Pear, Plum, & Cherry Trees, Gooseberry, Raspberry & Currant Bushes. Flowering Shrubs, &c., &c.

H. V. EDMONDS,
Auctioneer.
ma14 5t

Seeds! Seeds! Seeds!

JUST RECEIVED

A large assortment of FRESH and RELIABLE Garden and Field seeds.

H. W. SMITH,
Columbia Street.
ma14 tc

HENRY V. EDMONDS

AUCTIONEER, SCRIVENER,
COMMISSION,
General and Real Estate Agent,

OFFICE—Columbia street, near the Custom House.
m7tc

New Advertisements.

CLOSING OUT SALE

AT THE

CLOTHING EMPORIUM

BEING desirous of closing out my Business, I will commence on Thursday 13th inst. to sell the whole of my large and choice Stock of Goods at cost prices:

The Stock cosists of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, in every variety.

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

Ladies', Gents', Misses', Boys' and Childrens, Boots and Shoes in EVERY STYLE.

Hats and Caps, in great Variety.

Hosiery of all kinds.

A choice lot of Ladies' underclothing, *imported direct* will be sold at a Bargain.

The Goods are all new and have been bought in the Best Markets and on the most favorable terms, and will be sold without reserve for *CASH* and *CASH* only.

I wish the Public to understand most distinctly that this is no sham, and that I do not intend to haul down my Colors after one day's sale!

All wholesale orders filled to the satisfaction of every purchaser.

JOHN S. CLUTE,
Columbia Street.

All outstanding Accounts must be settled without delay, and no further notice will be given.

CARD OF THANKS.

I TAKE this means of expressing, on behalf of the Managers of the WESLEYAN MISSIONARY SOCIETY, most hearty thanks to those who so liberally responded to the appeal for aid, at our Annual Meeting, the other evening. I may add that in the absence of regularly appointed Collectors, the list is placed in the hands of Mr. Clarkson, at the Colonial Bookstore, who will gladly receive what has been promised, and any additional sums which others may be willing to give to the funds of this noble Institution. I shall have to close the Ecclesiastical Year and forward the list to the General Secretary early next month

ma5 1m E. WHITE.

SCOTCH HOUSE,

VICTORIA,

A. MC LEAN & CO.,

GENERAL OUTFITTERS.

IMPORT Clothing direct from the best English and Scotch Markets, and sell retail at wholesale prices for Cash.

BEAVER COATS,
Tweed, Pilot, Doe and Whitney
PANTS.

OYER COATS.
INVERNESS CAPES.
GLOVES, HOSIERY, Linen and Paper COLLARS.
BOYS' CLOTHING AND UNDERCLOTHING.

SUITS,
BALTIC & WHITE
SHIRTS,
BOOTS, SHOES, &C.

Received by last steamer a large addition to their former well-selected Stock, Fort St.
jy22 tc

TO LEASE.

THE premises on the corner of Columbia and Mary streets, recently occupied by T. Stodard, consisting of a paint-shop, dwelling and carpenter's shop.

Terms easy.

Apply to
WM. CLARKSON.
New Westminster, May 11th, 1867. tc

New Advertisements.

AYER'S

MEDICINES.

THE peculiar taint or infection which we call SCROFULA lurks in the constitutions of multitudes of men. It either produces or is produced by an enfeebled, vitiated state of the blood, wherein that fluid becomes incompetent to sustain the vital forces in their vigorous action, and leaves the system to fall into disorder and decay. The scrofulous contamination is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered digestion from unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation;" indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children." The diseases it originates take various names, according to the organs it attacks. In the lungs, Scrofula produces tubercles, and finally Consumption; in the glands, swellings which suppurate and become ulcerous sores; in the stomach and bowels, derangements which produce indigestion, dyspepsia, and liver complaints; on the skin, eruptive and cutaneous affections. These, all having the same origin, require the same remedy, viz., purification and invigoration of the blood. Purify the blood, and these dangerous distempers leave you. With feeble, foul, or corrupted blood, you cannot have health; with that "life of the flesh" healthy, you cannot have scrofulous disease.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

is compounded from the most effectual antidotes that medical science has discovered for this afflicting distemper, and for the cure of the disorders it entails. That it is far superior to any other remedy yet devised, is known by all who have given it a trial. That it does combine virtues truly extraordinary in their effect upon this class of complaints, is indisputably proven by the great multitude of publicly known and remarkable cures it has made of the following diseases: **King's Evil, or Glandular Swellings, Tumors, Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches and Sores, Erysipelas, Rose or St. Anthony's Fire, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Coughs from tuberculous deposits in the lungs, White Swellings, Debility, Dropsy, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Syphilis and Syphilitic Infections, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weaknesses,** and, indeed, the whole series of complaints that arise from impurity of the blood. Minute reports of individual cases may be found in AYER'S AMERICAN ALMANAC, which is furnished to the druggists for gratuitous distribution, wherein may be learned the directions for its use, and some of the remarkable cures which it has made when all other remedies had failed to afford relief. Those cases are purposely taken from all sections of the country, in order that every reader may have access to some one who can speak to him of its benefits from personal experience. Scrofula depresses the vital energies, and thus leaves its victims far more subject to disease and its fatal results than are healthy constitutions. Hence it tends to shorten, and does greatly shorten, the average duration of human life. The vast importance of these considerations has led us to spend years in perfecting a remedy which is adequate to its cure. This we now offer to the public under the name of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, although it is composed of ingredients, some of which exceed the best of *Sarsaparilla* in alterative power. By its aid you may protect yourself from the suffering and danger of these disorders. Purge out the foul corruptions that rot and fester in the blood, purge out the causes of disease, and vigorous health will follow. By its peculiar virtues this remedy stimulates the vital functions, and thus expels the distempers which lurk within the system or burst out on any part of it.

We know the public have been deceived by many compounds of *Sarsaparilla*, that promised much and did nothing; but they will neither be deceived nor disappointed in this. Its virtues have been proven by abundant trial, and there remains no question of its surpassing excellence for the cure of the afflicting diseases it is intended to reach. Although under the same name, it is a very different medicine from any other which has been before the people, and is far more effectual than any other which has ever been available to them.

AYER'S

CHERRY PECTORAL,

The World's Great Remedy for Coughs, Colds, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive patients in advanced stages of the disease.

This has been so long used and so universally known, that we need do no more than assure the public that its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do all it has ever done.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists,
Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all druggists every where.

MOORE & Co., Agents, Victoria, V. I. Sold by H. W. SMITH and Dr. JONES, New Westminster, and by every dealer in the Colony.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

J. WHITFIELD, the old Cariboo Pioneer, wishes to inform the public of New Westminster and vicinity, that he has purchased the Stock in Trade of the late W. Woodman, of Columbia street, New Westminster, where he will carry on the Boot and Shoe business in all its branches.

He also wishes to inform his friends in Cariboo that all orders from them will be punctually attended to and forwarded through Barnard's Express.

Particular attention will be paid to Job work.

Gum Boots, if repaired by him, will be guaranteed waterproof.

fe15tc

New Advertisements.

BRITISH PERIODICALS.

The London Quarterly Review, (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review, (Whig.)
The Westminster Review, (Radical.)
The North British Review, (Free-Church.)
......AND......
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine, (Tory.)

These periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stand unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews	$4 00	per annum
For any two of the Reviews	7 00	"
For any three of the Reviews	10 00	"
For all four of the Reviews	12 00	"
For Blackwood's Magazine	4 00	"
For Blackwood and one Review	7 00	"
For Blackwood and two of the Reviews	10 00	"
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews	13 00	"
For Blackwood and the four Reviews	15 00	"

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Subscribers should prepay by the quarter at the office of delivery. The POSTAGE to any part of the United States is Two Cents a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

BACK NUMBERS.

Subscribers, by remitting direct to the Publishers, may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1 50 a year for each or any Review; also, *Blackwood* for 1866 and 1867, for $2 50 a year, or the two years together for $4 00.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING COMPANY,
140 Fulton Street, N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE.

By Henry Stephens, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. Norton, of Yale College, 2 vols. Royal Octavo, 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings.

Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post paid, $8.

jy18 1868. 1y

CLINTON HOTEL,

CLINTON CITY,

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

THE Subscribers, for many years Proprietors of the Twenty-nine Mile House, Douglas Portage, beg to announce that having purchased the

CLINTON HOTEL

property, they are prepared to afford excellent accommodation to the travelling public. The table will at all times be well supplied, and in the Bar will be found the choicest liquors.

Ample stabling for animals and the best of feed constantly on hand.

They respectfully invite a call from their old customers, as well as the travelling public generally.

J. SMITH & Co.
CLINTON, B. C., 22d Aug. 1867. tc

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

THE undersigned being obliged, on account of ill health, to leave this Colony, offers for sale a half-interest in the

COLONIAL HOTEL,

FORT YALE,

Consisting of the lot, water frontage, buildings, including the

RESTAURANT, BAR ROOM, Sleeping Appartments, &c., &c.

Together with all the Furniture, and appurtenances, comprising, in fact, everything necessary for a first class Hotel and Restaurant.

The situation of the Colonial Hotel is the best in Yale, being clean, airy, commanding a magnificent view, and in the centre of business on the principal street. Any party wishing to negotiate can have the option of purchasing the half-interest, or the entire property, upon the most liberal terms.

This is a rare opportunity for purchasing at a very moderate price, a half interest in a well established business in time to secure the profits of the approaching season.

FRANK LATREMOUILLERE.
ma7tc

New Advertisements.

TISH PERIODICALS.

...Quarterly Review, (Conservative.)
...burgh Review, (Whig.)
...minster Review, (Radical.)
...British Review, (Free-Church.)
......AND......
...d's Edinburgh Magazine, (Tory.)

...eriodicals are ably sustained by the ...tions of the best writers on Science, and General Literature, and stand ... in the world of letters. They are ...able to the scholar and the profes... ...n, and to every reading man, as they ... better record of the current litera... ...e day than can be obtained from any ...ce.

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...d's Magazine......... 4 00
...d and one Review......... 7 00
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J. SMITH & Co.
...B. C., 22d Aug. 1867. te

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...NIAL HOTEL,
FORT YALE,

... the lot, water frontage, build... ...g the

...TAURANT,
...AR ROOM,
...g Appartments,
...&c., &c.

...all the Furniture, and appurt... ...rising, in fact, everything ne... ...rst class Hotel and Restaurant.

... of the Colonial Hotel is the ...ing clean, airy, commanding ...iew, and in the centre of busi... ...ncipal street. Any party wish... ...e can have the option of pur... ...f-interest, or the entire pro... ... most liberal terms.

...e opportunity for purchasing ...rate price, a half interest in a ...l business in time to secure ...e approaching season.
...RANK LATREMOUILLERE.

The British Columbian.

SATURDAY, MARCH 21, 1868.

OPENING OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

At 1 o'clock to-day His Excellency the Governor proceeded to the Legislative Chamber, the Members being in attendance, and opened the Session by delivering the following "Speech from the Throne:"—

Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council:

It is with much pleasure that I find myself enabled to call you together to-day, and thus relieve myself of serious responsibility which the deprivation of your assistance could not fail to entail on me. I need scarcely add that an honest Government must be always glad to find constitutional means of making public its views, and to render to a competent authority an account of its proceedings.

In all communities the most difficult question to deal with is that of finance, and we cannot certainly claim an exemption from the common embarrassment. The year 1867 was the first in which British Columbia was thrown on its own resources. Heretofore loans raised in England and overdrawn accounts at the local Banks, largely contributed to the support of the Government, and to the formation of roads from which the country may derive a pride somewhat tinged by a consideration of the vast indebtedness now weighing on us. The spending large sums of borrowed money gave employment to labor, and an impetus to all branches of trade, now, we have simply to rely on the proceeds of local taxation, largely reduced by remittances to England on account of Interest and Sinking Fund on our Debt. The financial position last year was greatly aggravated by circumstances to which it is somewhat painful and not necessary now to allude. Time will cure the evil; and I have to state that the Revenue has begun to show, within the last few months signs of considerable elasticity.

The Estimates of Revenue and Expenditure shall shortly be laid on your table. I should bring them at once before you were I not indulging in the hope that the attention of Her Majesty's Government has been attracted to the financial position of this Colony. This hope is the cause of the delay which has occurred in my calling you together. Assisted or unassisted, however, I think that we should observe the utmost economy until we shall have relieved ourselves of local debts on which a crushing rate of interest is charged I propose to address you by Message during the course of the Session respecting the past and present financial position of the Colony.

You are aware that on the Union of the colonies being completed, doubts were raised as to the position of the two Courts of Supreme Judicature, which the morning of the 19th of November, found in full power; doubts going with some, to the extent of questioning the existence of one of them. I shall lay before you a Bill to remove all such doubts and define the power the jurisdictions of the Courts, which I regret to say will for the present have to remain separate, and to establish the position of the two Judges who will severally, perhaps occasionally jointly, preside in each. The Bill has been approved by the Law Officers of the Crown. I have, however, again ventured to repeat to Her Majesty's Government the expression of my opinion that a fusion of the Courts under one Chief Justice would be the more satisfactory arrangement.

I shall also lay before you a Bill for the more effectual protection of Her Majesty's Naval Stores. One amending the Ordinance relating to Weights and Measures, and another amending that respecting the limitation of certain causes of Action and Suits. Perhaps I may, during the course of the Session, bring under your notice other Bills, but it is my intention not to overburden your table with papers at this late season of the year. In the present transitional state of the Colony, it appears to me that we should rather watch events than attempt to guide them by legislation necessarily hesitating and tentative.

The external Postal arrangements are complicated and inconvenient. I shall bring papers connected with this subject under your consideration.

During the last Session, your Honorable Council unanimously passed a resolution in favour of negotiations being entered into for the union of this Colony with the Confederation which has been formed among the Eastern British Provinces on this Continent. Although I could not be blind to difficultres which made me consider the resolution principally as the expression of a disheartened community, longing for change of any kind, yet the possibility alone of something arising out of it to promote an overland communication with Canada, was enough to induce me to support your Resolution... communications on the subject, that the consideration of it must, at all events, await the time when the intervening territory, now under the control of the Hudson's Bay Company, shall have been incorporated with the Confederation.

A year's residence in the United has convinced me that there are few questions in which the people of the lower country feel a deeper interest than that as to the selection of a Capital. Had the colony been prosperous no such earnestness of feeling would exist, but under present circumstances I think it right that I should explain at greater length the steps that have been taken in regard to its settlement than would be convenient on this occasion. As soon, therefore, as I am honoured by a reply to this address, I shall forward a statement of the case as it stands to you by Message. Suffice it now to say that Her Majesty's Government are of opinion that in my Message of the 27th of March, 1867, I took an extreme view as to the extent to which public faith and honour are pledged to the purchasers of land in New Westminster. Further that I should consider the public convenience from time to time as the main guide in the selection of a Seat of Government. I am commanded to come to a decision without further delay, and I desire to avail myself—although the matter is one of Executive prerogative—of your assistance in so doing. My Message will contain every information, and I shall be glad if you will come to a division on the subject. Every argument is exhausted. I have now but to act. A Governor must allow himself no personal feelings in a matter of this importance.

I congratulate you on the great improvement which I observed last year in the farms of the Upper Country, and on the favorable prospects which seem opening to our Gold Miners, as well as on the tranquility of the Colony, and the absence of serious crime. A dispute between two Mining Companies on a distant Creek, during the summer, threatened at one time to assume serious proportions, and it is creditable to the Colony to note the sensation which the prospect of a breach of the peace produced throughout its vast extent. But the good sense and love of order, so general among our Miners, allowed of a settlement of the question without a resort to force, and the law speedily resumed its sway.

I wish that among my subjects of congratulation I could include that of an improvement in the material condition of the Colony and something like a return of the tide of immigration which gave birth to British Columbia. It seems strange that a country which possesses every advantage of climate and soil which the English race could desire, where land in the upper country can be had virtually for nothing, where mines of all the precious metals hold out their attractions, where hired labour is exorbitantly remunerated, that such a country should not even have the power of retaining all of those who have sought their fortunes on its distant shore.

I am of opinion that both sections of the present Colony have suffered much from their former antagonism. I trust that all differences are now merged, and that the Union—though as yet barren of good results—will cause a community of interests leading to a feeling of forbearance and christian charity pleasing to Him, Whose support I humbly invoke on this solemn occasion.

His Excellency was received at the entrance of the Legislative Hall by the New Westminster Volunteers, under Capt. Prichard, with the usual salute. The following Members of the Legislative Council were present: Hon. W. A. G. Young, Colonial Secretary, Hon. H. P. P. Crease, Attorney-General, Hon R. Ker, Acting Treasurer, Hon. W. Hamley, Collector of Customs, Hon. J. W. Trutch, Chief Commissioner, and the Hons. P. O'Reilly, H. M. Ball, T. Elwyn, G. Cox, A. DeCosmos, F. J. Barnard, G. A. Walkem, John Robson, R. T. Smith. The attendance of ladies was large, and the gallery af the House was filled to its utmost capacity. Upon the conclusion of the speech His Excellency withdrew, whereupon the Hon. Mr. Young took the Chair.

The Hon. P. O'Reilly moved, seconded by the Hon. H. M. Ball, That the speech of His Excellency the Governor be printed for the use of the House. Carried.

Hon. Mr. Hamley moved, seconded by the Hon. Mr. Robson, That a select Committee be appointed to prepare an address in reply to the Speech from the Throne. Carried.

The President appointed the following Committee:—The Hons. Messrs. Hamley, Robson, Ball, Barnard and O'Reilly.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

The Hon. A. DeCosmos gave notice that he will, on Wednesday next, ask the Hon. Collector of Customs whether any provision exists for granting a drawback upon goods exported from this Colony, and upon which duty of Customs has been paid.

Hon. Mr. Robson gave notice that he will, at the next sitting of the Council, move for an humble Address to His Excellency the Governor, asking that a comparative statement may be placed before the House showing the Civil List for British Columbia in 1863 and for the United Colony in 1867.—House adjourned till Monday at 3 o'clock, p.m.

A NEW COMPLAINT AGAINST THE QUEEN.—The *John Bull* sees in the Queen's "Journal" evidence of her Majesty's preference for the non-Episcopalian community established in Scotland over "the Church of her baptism," and calls Prince Albert her "Presbyterian husband." When the Queen first began attending the Scotch service, the primate, according to our contemporary, "if not the bishops generally, were guilty of a great dereliction of duty in not putting forth privately a dutiful remonstrance, reminding her of her peculiar relation to the English Church and the duties involved in it. There was not any State necessity for this open adoption of the Presbyterian kirk and its worship. The alternative did not lie between that and offending the religious prejudices of the Scots. The Sovereign has always a large staff of chaplains of various grades, and one or two of these could always have been in attendance on her during her absence from Englane."—*English Paper.*

TWO VESSELS ASHORE.—The ship Fanny, from Nanaimo, laden with coal, and the barque Rosalie from Burrard Inlet, are on shore on the east end of Discovery Island, within a quarter of a mile of each other. The Rosalie will probably become a total wreck, and the Fanny is believed to be seriously injured. Their cargoes can probably be saved. The particulars connected with their going on shore are not known, but it is believed the steamer Isabel had them in tow, and cast them adrift on its coming on to blow. Neither of the ships had a pilot on board.

FROM OSOYOOS.—Mr. Haynes, the Government Officer for Osoyoos, arrived here last night, having left his station on the 1?th inst. The spring was quite advanced, weather delightful and stock doing uncommonly well. The Rock Creek Flume Co. had sawed a large amount of lumber, and made every preparation for prosecuting their work with the utmost vigor. The greatest confidence is felt in the enterprise.

GOING AWAY.—We learn that it is the intention of Capt. Porcher to leave on Saturday next, so that it is not his intention to afford the people of the Capital the protection of his guns.

ARRIVAL OF THE SPARROWHAWK.—H. M. S. Sparrowhawk arrived from Esquimalt yesterday, to be present upon the occasion of the opening of the Legislature.

THE REASON for not appearing before our readers till so late an hour to-day, will be sufficiently explained by the appearance of the report of the opening of the Legislative Council, in another column.

THE QUEEN'S DIARY.—The first edition of the Queen's Diary consisted of 150,000 copies, an unprecedented number. They are nearly all sold, and will realise a net profit of £10,000, at the least.

PERSONAL.—Amongst the passengers who came up by the Enterprise yesterday was Mr. Legh Harnett, the new editor of the *Colonist*, who will report for that paper during the Session.

EMIGRATION FROM AUSTRALIA.—The Buenos Ayres correspondent of the *Brazil and River Plate Mail* states that, in all probability, a stream of emigration will, before long, issue from the Australian colonies of Great Britain to the working plains of the River...

SUDDEN DEATH.—Mr. E. Jasper, the operator at the switch station, Swenomish, between here and Victoria, died yesterday morning, very suddenly.

FOR YALE.—The steamer Onward, Capt. Irving, left for Yale, or as far up as she can go, this morning.

THE ASSIZES.

The spring Assizes opened at New Westminster on Thursday at 11 o'clock. The Honorable Matthew Baillie Begbie presiding, the Hon. H. M. Ball, and C. J. Prichard Esq, being associate Judges. After the usual formalities the following Grand Jury was impannelled:—

H. Holbrook, Esq. Foreman.
E. Brown, "
T. Spence, "
P. Hick, "
E. Picht, "
F. Richards, "
H. McRoberts, "
J. Calder, "
T. Ladner, "
W. Armstrong, Sen "
J. T. Scott, "
G. Deitz, "
E. Dewdney, "
W. Clarkson, "
J. Ellard, "
R. Dickinson, "
D. Withrow, "
H. W. Smith "
W. Johnston "
— Greig, "
W. D. Ferris, "
J. A. Webster, "

The Grand Jury, after listening to the lucid and able charge of the Judge, retired to examine the cases placed before them. "True bills" were found against two Indians charged with breaking into Shelford's house, near Harrisonmouth, and carrying away property; also against two Indians for entering Messrs. Cunningham Bros.' store, during the night and stealing some goods. These Indians were placed upon trial and were all convicted. The two first mentioned were sentenced to six months and twelve months' imprisonment with hard labor, respectively. The last mentioned received twelve months' with hard labor. In the case of the little girl Smith already painfully familiar to the public, the Grand Jury found True Bills, on the second count of the indictment (assault), against three of the parties charged only. This case occupied the Court throughout Friday. The jury retired at 8 30, and returned at 9 o'clock with a verdict of "Not Guilty;" and the Court adjourned till Monday.

EVADING A LIQUOR LAW. The Duke of Argyle has, it appears, established a kind of Maine law in his island of Tiree, one of the inner Hebrides. This island, which is twelve miles long and six in breadth, had in 1851 a population of about 4,000; but the proprietor will not allow a single public-house to be kept for their convenience.

FROM VICTORIA.—The str. Enterprise, Capt Swanson, arrived from Victoria yesterday. Amongst the passengers were the Hons. O'Reilly, Cox, DeCosmos, Barnard and Smith. The other Island Members didn't come up.

ENGLISH MAIL SUMMARY.

The ecclesiastical civil war still rages in the "Establishment." It seems now to be perceived by all parties in the church that they cannot exist together on their present footing, and each party is rushing to the courts of law to have it determined whether all who do not take its shibboleth can not be turned out of the church. Mr. Mackonochie is being prosecuted in the Court of Arches; a number of new Colenso cases are looked for; there is a cry that some one or other of the advanced Liberal clergy is to be proceeded against; and the ritualists, adopting the tactics which have so often been tried in war, of carrying hostilities into the enemy's country, are said to be about to launch their thunderbolts against some noted Evangelicals for taking liberties with the Rubrics—which, if we believe the ritualists, are as flagrant as any which can be alleged against themselves. In a word each of the three great sections of the Church of England appears to have decided on the expediency af as by appealing unto Cæsar, in the shape of Sir Robert Phillimore to begin with, with the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council in the background. While the prelates are thus engaged in a wordy war about forms and ritualistic ceremonies, the politicians are considering seriously the expediency of discontinuing state aid, and leaving the Church to rest upon its own merits and the voluntary support of its adherents. If prelacy would appear to be drifting towards disunion and disendowment; the proposed union of the non-endowed Presbyterians is meeting with formidable obstructions. The party in the Scottish Free Church—of which the leaders are Drs. Begg, Gibson, and Forbes—who object to the proposed union of the non-endowed Presbyterians of Scotland and England, have issued a pamphlet, in which they charge the majority in the Free Church, who favor such a union, with violating its constitution and giving up its principles; and assert that, though the majority have power, the minority have right on their side. England, we may say Britain feels pleased with the reception accorded His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh, by the Australians. In Melbourne the Prince was met in the principal street by a crowd of 50,000, and 20,000 sat down to a free dinner. The London *Morning Star* in alluding to the reception, says:—

Some years ago Sir George Bowen, shortly after he was appointed Governor of Queensland, wrote to the Duke of Newcastle to say that manhood suffrage and vote by ballot worked remarkably well in Australia. Sir Henry Manners Sutton might now write a flaming despatch to prove that the most devoted loyalty to the throne is perfectly compatible with even ultra-democratic institutions. The reception which the Duke of Edinburgh met with in the colonies of South Australia and Victoria was wildly enthusiastic. Indeed, the health of the Prince must have been almost jeopardized by the fatigues inseparable from entertainments of so numerous and exciting a character. What with processions, banquets, balls, cricket matches, and the laying of foundation-stones, his Royal Highness has had an amount of hard work to perform which must have made him glad enough to get back to the Galatea. What a comment is this Antipodean furore to the doctrine laid down only a short time ago, that democracy and loyalty could not co-exist!"

Referring to the same subject, the London *Times* says:—

"Think of balls attended by nine hundred dancers, in magnificent rooms, and with the most costly decorations, in that huge, dreary continent we used to call New Holland, of which the only known locality was Botany Bay. Think of thirteen thousand school children here, four thousand there, and a thousand or two anywhere, being found singing "God save the Queen," heard well two miles off, and cheering still louder! Think of reviews of volunteer cavalry, infantry and artillery in a region where, a few years ago, one believed a white man could hardly show himself. There has been no such instance of spontaneous growth."

The *Pall Mall Gazette* thus concludes an article upon the occasion:—

"If one or more of the Royal Princes chose to lay out capital in Ireland as the Queen has at Balmoral, he would get something more than a good country house; and, after all, so long as we have kings and princes and nobility at all, it is highly desirable that, whether their blandishments are a cheap or a dear form of moral defence, we should at all events get them *valeant quantum.*"

MARRIED.

On the 18th, at St. John's Church, Victoria, B. C., George Stephen Butler, of Lytton, B. C., to Fanny Catherine, eldest daughter of H. Brett, Esq., Porchester, England.

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 19th inst, the wife of Mr. Wm. Ladner, of a daughter.

If you wish the very best CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS, you must call on BRADLEY & RULOFSON, 429 Montgomery street, San Fran...

CANADIAN MAIL SUMMARY.

Our files are to 8th February. The death of A. C. Buchanan, Esq., Emigration Agent at Quebec, was announced. His place will not be easily filled. It was incidentally mentioned during a recent debate, that the cheese manufacture of Ontario is second in importance only to the lumbering interests of the Province. Lord Monck presided at a Missionary Meeting in the Parish of St. Albans, near Ottawa, on the 3d Feb., and delivered a very interesting address in the interest of the cause of Christian Missions. The appointment of Sir Narcisse F. Belleau, as Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Quebec has been confirmed for a term of five years. Messrs. Reekie, Dow and Clarke, of Montreal, have purchased a coal claim in Pictou County, N. S., for $75,000. There is great distress amongst the Nova Scotia fishermen. The Legislature of Ontario unanimously voted $5000 towards their relief. The Legislature of Quebec voted $4000 for a similar purpose. The subscriptions collected up to the 6th Feb. in the two Provinces, for this purpose, had reached $15,000. A collection was made for the Pope in the Roman Catholic Churches of Montreal, on Sunday the 12th January, which amounted to $5000. Sir Henry Smith has introduced into the Ontario Legislature, a Bill intended to effect some sweeping reforms in Parliamentary matters. The Bill proposes to abolish the system of dual representation, to exclude from the local legislature all office-holders, both Dominion and Provincial, to hold all elections on the same day; and to prevent the vacation of seats by members on their acceptance of a position in the Executive. The contract for the Legislative printing of Ontario has been awarded to the Toronto *Leader*, at 15 cents per thousand ems! A Joint Stock Company is in course of formation to establish a cotton-factory at Merrickville, with $40,000 capital. A movement for erecting a monumental church to the memory of the late Bishop Strachan is on foot at Toronto. In the debate on the address in the Ontario Assembly, Mr. Coyne spoke of the time "when a proud (and he might have added, long-legged) Canadian would stand with one foot on the Atlantic and the other on the Pacific." There is said to be very great destitution in Quebec, 15,000 persons being in absolute want. Another of the volunteers has recently died at Toronto from the effects of wounds received at the Lime Ridge affair. The population of Ottawa City has increased about 5000 since last year. The repeal agitation appears to be raging in the Province of Nova Scotia, and it was expected that repeal resolutions would pass the local Legislature; but the Toronto *Globe* significantly asks, "And what then?" The New Brunswick Legislature was to meet for despatch of business on the 15th Feb. The result of the Session at Ottawa was not viewed with satisfaction in New Brunswick. The harbor of Portland has become so difficult of access, in consequence of the growth of a bar, that the English steamships cannot go out or in except within two hours of high water.

"WIDELY KNOWN." It is generally supposed that the Websters, Palmerstons, Gortschoffs, Metternichs, and Garibaldis of politics are the men of world-wide renown, and so they are where newspapers circulate, not much beyond. One of our friends lately returned from China, amuses us with the recital of his journey inland for some distance, where the enquiry oftenest made when he became known as an American, was whether he knew or had ever seen the great chemist of his country, Dr. Ayer, who made the medicines. They use his remedies—many of them have been cured by them and they speak of him as if he occupied the whole of America were at least the great feature of it. A mandarin who had been cured of a malignant ulcer on the hip by his Sarsaparilla, seemed to consider it our principal article of export, and its inventor one of the few men this continent has produced worthy the at...

New Advertisements.

JUST RECEIVED!

.....A.....

NEW STOCK

.....OF.....

LYON'S CALIFORNIA ALE.

W. H. SUTTON,
Agent for British Columbia.
jy31 4m

Almanacs.

London Illust'd	75c. ea.
Bow Bells	37½ "
Zadkeils	25 "
Atlantic	75 "
Canada Year Book	37½ "

LETT'S OFFICE DIARIES 1868

THE

BRITISH PERIODICALS

ARE supplied by the subscribers, POST PAID, to any post office in the Colony, at PUBLISHERS' PRICES, which can be seen in another column.

G. C. CLARKSON, & Co.
New Westminster.

GERMAN

CONCERTINAS

LARGE AND SMALL,

Of beautiful tone, just received, and for sale

CHEAP,

G. C. CLARKSON & Co.
jy22 tc

DIARIES

FOR

1868,

FOR SALE AT

G. C. CLARKSON & Co's.

ST. GEORGE HOTEL

VICTORIA, V. I., B. C.

PROPRIETOR,

E. C. HOLDEN.

This spacious fire-proof Family Hotel has Single Rooms and Suites of Rooms for Families, furnished with every desirable requisite for comfort and accommodation.

The Bar and Dining-Room are conducted in first-class style.

TERMS MODERATE
fe9 tc

FOR SALE.

AN excellent Farm on the Pitt River Road, within 2½ miles of the city, comprising 50 acres of excellent prairie land, covered with good grass.

Terms most liberal. For particulars apply

WM. CLARKSON.
New Westminster, May 31st 1867. jultc

NOTICE.

AFTER this date J. C. BEEDY & CO. are not responsible for damage on Oils or Liquids shipped in Tin or Glass, or for unavoidable detention caused by breakage of bridges, mud-slides, or any other contingency beyond their control, unless by special contract made in writing in respect of such goods at the time of shipment.

J. C. BEEDY & CO.
Yale, B. C. Dec. 3d, 1867. 1y

New Advertisements.

CURE IS AT HAND!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Scorbutic Eruptions, as Sore Heads and Scrofulous Swellings.

If this powerful Ointment be well rubbed into the parts affected, all skin disease will be speedily overcome. It acts not by repression, but repulsion. It enters the system as salt enters meat, and operates not locally only, but constitutionally purifying the whole system, neutralizing all depraved humours, and affecting a radical and complete cure. The Pills should be taken as an auxiliary to the Ointment, as they are so prepared as to act in unison with it, facilitating and confirming the conquest of the disease.

Diptheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat and Quinsey.

The above complaints have for twenty years been treated with Holloway's Ointment and Pills with complete success. The cures have been so remarkable, speedy and numerous, that these often fatal diseases are more easily cured by these medicines, than even the common sore throat, if taken in time.

The Kidneys, Stone and Gravel.

In these complaints, the Ointment almost acts like a charm, providing if is very effectually rubbed over the regions of the kidneys, which it will penetrate and give almost immediate relief, while the Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, when the most extraordinary cures may be effected by this means.

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Scrofulous Sores, and Glandular Swellings.

In such cases the Ointment operates surely and with a rapidity that resembles magic. It should be rubbed into the parts affected, after they have been fomented with lukewarm water. The purifying and curative powers of this marvellous unguent have never failed. Any old sore, wound or ulcer always yields to its influence; and in cases of bad breasts, or milk fevers, its action is wonderful. Glandular swellings may soon be reduced by following the printed directions.

The Action of the Heart. Dropsy.

The last named disease is commonly preceded by irregular action of the heart, and difficult respiration; which symptoms are always severe, and ever go from bad to worse, unless proper means of cure are resorted to. In Holloway's unrivalled Ointment and Pills the dropsical patient will ever find succour; the present relief derived from the use of these remedies is marvellously quick, and perseverance in the application of this famous Ointment, invariably results in a cure. They act with such energy on the circulation and absorbent system, that the dropsical fluid vanishes, and the sufferer finds all the oppressive symptoms daily decline, till natural health returns.

Gout and Rheumatism.

May be cured with the greatest certainty if large quantities of the Ointment be well worked into the complaining parts, and this perseveringly done for some time. It is no use to smear it on the skin only, it must be got into the system. Take as many Pills nightly as will act two or three times during the 24 hours; eschew the use of coffee, and all stimulants. When these complaints are leaving the system, the virulence of the complaint frequently seems to increase.

Indiscretion of Youth.

Sores, ulcers and swellings can with certainty be cured if this Ointment be thoroughly rubbed all round the complaining parts twice or thrice a day, keeping them covered with linen rag spread with the same.

The Pills must be taken according to the printed directions. The blood being in an impure state, perseverance is necessary. From humane motives letters of advice will be answered gratuitously. To save carriage the Pills should be obtained in the neighborhood of the sufferer, and not from Holloway's Establishment.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

Bad Legs,	Chapped hands,	Scalds,
Bad Breasts,	Contracted and	Sore Nipples,
Burns,	Stiff Joints,	Sore-throats,
Bunions,	Elephantiasis,	Skin-diseases,
Bite of Mosquitoes	Fistulas,	Scurvy,
and Sand-flies,	Gout,	Sore-heads,
Coco-bay,	Glandular Swel-	Tumors,
Chiego-foot,	lings,	Ulcers,
Corns (soft),	Lumbago,	Wounds,
Cancers,	Piles,	Yaws.
Chilblains,	Rheumatism,	

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 224, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s., each Pot.

*** There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot. de51y

FOR SALE.

SIXTY-FOUR acres of excellent land situate on the South bank of the Fraser River, nearly opposite the Camp One-half of this land is open prairie, quite above high water mark, and covered with good grass.

☞ Terms very tempting.

Apply to

WM. CLARKSON.
New Westminster, May 11th, 1867. tc

NOTICE.

THE undersigned hereby gives notice that he has sold out the City Bakery to Mr. David Gleeson.

All parties indebted to the establishment are hereby requested to make immediate settlement of their accounts.

ma4 tc J. C. HARRISON.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that we have this day disposed of all our interest in the Express business known as Dietz & Nelson's British Columbia and Victoria Express, to F. J. BARNARD, of Barnard's Cariboo Express, and beg to solicit for him a continuance of the patronage bestowed upon us for the past five years.

DIETZ & NELSON.
New Westminster, Dec. 2d, 1867. dc7

☞ In reference to the above notice we have to request immediate payment of all sums due us, and any parties having claims against us will oblige us by presenting the same at New Westminster for settlement.

DIETZ & NELSON.
New Westminster, Dec. 6th, 1867.

To all whom it may concern.

THE undersigned, in charge of the School at Langley, will be prepared to take a limited number of boarding Scholars, on and after the First of April next. The Terms will be Fifteen Dollars monthly in advance, which will pay for Board, Washing and Tuition; but Books, Bed, Bedding, and whatever Toilet necessaries, must be furnished by the pupil. Every attention will be paid to the Intellectual, Moral and Physical advancement of those who may be entrusted to our care.

JAMES KENNEDY.
Langley, B. C., January 25, 1868. tc

New Advertisements.

PRINTING

.....FOR THE.....

MILLION.

POSTERS,
CIRCULARS,
BILL-HEADS,
BUSINESS CARDS,
STEAMBOAT TICKETS,
PROGRAMMES,
WAY-BILLS,
PAMPHLETS,
SHOW CARDS,
LABELS,
and PRINTED FORMS

Of every discription, executed in a manner

That will defy competition.

EVERY BUSINESS MAN SHOULD use printed Billheads, as they not only save time, but look more business-like, and serve as an advertisement.

EVERY KEEPER OF PUBLIC HOUSE should have printed cards for distribution amongsr the Miners, and large Show Cards, in colors, to exhibit on Steamboats, &c.

EVERY STEAMBOAT OWNER, MERchant, Trader, Hotel-keeper, or Expressman, doing business in this Colony, should get his Printing done in the office of the

BRITISH COLUMBIAN,

COLUMBIA STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER!

.....WHERE.....

ENTIRE SATISEACTION

IS GUARANTEED.

THE PROPRIETOR would respectfully inform Merchants and Traders of British Columbia, as well as Steamboat Owners and all whom it may concern, that having recently made extensive additions to the

PRINTING PLANT

.....OF THE.....

BRITISH COLUMBIAN NEWSPAPER,

He is now prepared to execute with promptitude every description of

PLAIN

.....AND.....

ORNAMENTAL

BOOK & JOB

PRINTING

In a style and at prices which will compare favorably with any office upon the Pacific coast.

Orders from the interior are invited, and will receive careful and prompt attention.

JOHN ROBSON,
Proprietor.

New Advertisements.

GREAT REDUCTION

COLONIAL HOTEL,

Soda Creek.

M'LEESE & SENAY, . PROPRIETORS.

BEG to Return Thanks to their patrons for the past and in order to suit the times they have reduced the scale of prices, viz:—

MEALS	$1 00
BEDS	75
BOARD AND LODGING, per day	3 50
do do per week	15 00

Having recently made large additions to the premises so as to give

First-class Accommodation in the Eating and Sleeping Departments,

They hope to merit an extended support in the future.

Private Rooms for Families.

AT THE BAR

Will always be found the Choicest Brands of WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

If you want pure ALE
That is not stale,
DRINK

BUNSTER

AGENT, H. HOGAN.
ma23 2m

FRENCH'S FISH MARKET

Front street, New Westminster.

IN the above Market will always be found in season,

FISH

Of Every kind, both Fresh, Salted and Smoked.

Also, in season, all kinds of

GAME.

☞ Shipping orders promptly attended to

FREDERICK KAYE.
New Westminster, July 5 1864. jy6 tc

A. W. PIPER,

CONFECTIONER,

Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

TAKES pleasure in announcing to the Trade that he is prepared to manufacture every variety of Confectionery at the most reasonable rates, and of the purest and best quality.

NO ADVANCE IN PRICES, TARIFF OR NO TARIFF!

Orders from the Interior are solicited and will receive prompt attention.

Victoria, March 23d 1867. tc

Are You Insured?

If not, apply to

CUNNINGHAM Bros.
fy22tc

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

THAT property known as Woodcock's Wharf and Mills, consisting of Two Buildings fronting on Richard street, a wharf 66x200ft., upon which are built warehouses, freight-sheds and a "piggery" capable of containing 200 hogs.

This property enjoys a free water-privilege with sufficient depth for shipping to lie alongside the wharf.

The whole or any portion will be sold or leased upon the most reasonable terms

Apply to

WM. CLARKSON.
New Westminster, May 11th, 1867. tc

New Advertisements.

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA,

THE WORLD'S GREAT REMEDY FOR

Scrofula and Scrofulous Diseases.

From Emery Edes, a well-known merchant of Oxford, Maine.

"I have sold large quantities of your SARSAPARILLA, but never yet one bottle which failed of the desired effect and full satisfaction to those who took it. As fast as our people try it, they agree there has been no medicine like it before in our community."

Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ulcers, Sores, and all Diseases of the Skin.

From Rev. Robt. Stratton, Bristol, England.

"I only do my duty to you and the public, when I add my testimony to that you publish of the medicinal virtues of your SARSAPARILLA. My daughter, aged ten, had an afflicting humor in her ears, eyes, and hair for years, which we were unable to cure until we tried your SARSAPARILLA. She has been well for some months."

From Mrs. Jane E. Rice, a well-known and much-esteemed lady of Dennisville, Cape May Co., N. J.

"My daughter has suffered for a year past with a scrofulous eruption, which was very troublesome. Nothing afforded any relief until we tried your SARSAPARILLA, which soon completely cured her."

From Charles P. Gage, Esq., of the widely-known Gage, Murray & Co., manufacturers of enamelled papers in Nashua, N. H.

"I had for several years a very troublesome humor in my face, which grew constantly worse until it disfigured my features and became an intolerable affliction. I tried almost every thing a man could of both advice and medicine, but without any relief whatever, until I took your SARSAPARILLA. It immediately made my face worse, as you told me it might for a time; but in a few weeks the new skin began to form under the blotches, and continued until my face is as smooth as any body's, and I am without any symptoms of the disease that I know of. I enjoy perfect health, and without a doubt owe it to your SARSAPARILLA."

Erysipelas—General Debility—Purify the Blood.

From Dr. Robt. Sawin, Houston St., New York.

"DR. AYER. I seldom fail to remove *Eruptions* and *Scrofulous Sores* by the persevering use of your SARSAPARILLA, and I have just now cured an attack of *Malignant Erysipelas* with it. No alterative we possess equals the SARSAPARILLA you have supplied to the profession as well as to the people."

From J. E. Johnston, Esq., Wakeman, Ohio.

"For twelve years, I had the yellow Erysipelas on my right arm, during which time I tried all the celebrated physicians I could reach, and took hundreds of dollars worth of medicines. The ulcers were so bad that the cords became visible, and the doctors decided that my arm must be amputated. I began taking your SARSAPARILLA. Took two bottles, and some of your PILLS. Together they have cured me. I am now as well and sound as any body. Being in a public place, my case is known to every body in this community, and excites the wonder of all."

From Hon. Henry Monro, M. P. P., of Newcastle, C. W., a leading member of the Canadian Parliament.

"I have used your SARSAPARILLA in my family, for general *debility*, and for *purifying the blood*, with very beneficial results, and feel confidence in commending it to the afflicted."

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Eyes.

From Harvey Sickler, Esq., the able editor of the Tunkhannock Democrat, Pennsylvania.

"Our only child, about three years of age, was attacked by pimples on his forehead. They rapidly spread until they formed a loathsome and virulent sore, which covered his face, and actually blinded his eyes for some days. A skilful physician applied nitrate of silver and other remedies, without any apparent effect. For fifteen days we guarded his hands, lest with them he should tear open the festering and corrupt wound which covered his whole face. Having tried every thing else we had any hope from, we began giving your SARSAPARILLA, and applying the iodide of potash lotion, as you direct. The sore began to heal when we had given the first bottle, and was well when we had finished the second. The child's eyelashes, which had come out, grew again, and he is now as healthy and fair as any other. The whole neighborhood predicted that the child must die."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

From Dr. Hiram Stout, of St. Louis, Missouri.

"I find your SARSAPARILLA a more effectual remedy for the secondary symptoms of *Syphilis* and for syphilitic disease than any other we possess. The profession are indebted to you for some of the best medicines we have."

From A. J. French, M. D., an eminent physician of Lawrence, Mass., who is a prominent member of the Legislature of Massachusetts.

"DR. AYER. My dear Sir: I have found your SARSAPARILLA an excellent remedy for *Syphilis*, both of the *primary* and *secondary* type, and effectual in some cases that were too obstinate to yield to other remedies. I do not know what we can employ with more certainty of success, where a powerful alterative is required."

Mr. Chas. S. Van Liew, of New Brunswick, N. J., had dreadful ulcers on his legs, caused by the abuse of mercury, or *mercurial disease*, which grew more and more aggravated for years, in spite of every remedy or treatment that could be applied, until the persevering use of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA relieved him. Few cases can be found more inveterate and distressing than this, and it took several dozen bottles to cure him.

Leucorrhœa, Whites, Female Weakness, are generally produced by internal *Scrofulous Ulceration*, and are very often cured by the alterative effect of this SARSAPARILLA. Some cases require, however, in aid of the SARSAPARILLA, the skilful application of local remedies.

From the well-known and widely-celebrated Dr. Jacob Morrill, of Cincinnati.

"I have found your SARSAPARILLA an excellent alterative in diseases of females. Many cases of Irregularity, Leucorrhœa, Internal Ulceration, and local debility, arising from the scrofulous diathesis, have yielded to it, and there are few that do not, when its effect is properly aided by local treatment."

A lady, unwilling to allow the publication of her name, writes:

"My daughter and myself have been cured of a very debilitating Leucorrhœa of long standing, by two bottles of your SARSAPARILLA."

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Neuralgia, when caused by *Scrofula* in the system, are rapidly cured by this EXT. SARSAPARILLA.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS

possess so many advantages over the other purgatives in the market, and their superior virtues are so universally known, that we need not do more than to assure the public their quality is maintained equal to the best it ever has been, and that they may be depended on to do all that they have ever done.

Prepared by J. C. AYER, M. D., & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by

MOORE & Co., Agents, Victoria, V. I. Sold by H. W. SMITH and Dr. JONES, New Westminster, and by every dealer in the Colony.

JAMES ELLARD,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Flour, Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Tobacco, Tinware, Farm Produce, Fruit, Nails, Axes, Rope, Fancy Groceries, &c., &c., &c.

BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER.

COFFEE MANUFACTURER,

FRONT STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

New Advertisments.

ADVICE GRATIS!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

To Purify the Blood.

These Pills have been placed by the common consent mankind at the head of all remedies for removing obnoxious poisons from the blood, and cleansing all the tissues of the body. They have saved thousands year after year from falling a sacrifice to the effects of dyspepsia, dysentary, diarrhœa, constipation, liver complaints, &c., a fact attested by myriads of witnesses. Excessive weakness and debility, the warnings of decreasing organic energy and vital decay, are restored and reanimated with vigor and healthful action in every organ throughout the system, by the restorative and exhilirating influence of this medicine.

Female Complaints.

All disorders of the sex, and diseases in every crisis perilous to the life and health of woman, youthful or aged, married or single, may be radically and quickly cured without risk or trouble, by a few doses of these Pills, taken according to the printed directions.

Indigestion with languor and want of energy.

When taking these Pills, rub Holloway's celebrated Ointment over the pit of the stomach, and over the regions of the liver, on the right side under the ribs, and you will at once experience a change for the better in your digestion, spirits, appetite, strength, and energy. The improvement, though it may be gradual, will be thorough and lasting.

DROPSY.

The efficacy of Holloway's Pills in dropsy is extraordinary. They act with such peculiar effect upon the system, that the fluids arising from this direful disease are imperceptibly carried off and prevented from any further accumulation. The sufferer regains a buoyancy of spirits and rejoices in a completely renovated constitution; but it is indispensably necessary that the Ointment should be most effectually rubbed into the complaining parts.

Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels.

Those who suffer from bile and liver complaints, should try the effects of this valuable remedy, a few doses of which will make the sufferer feel elastic and vigorous, removing all impurities, giving a healthy action to the liver; if bilious attacks be allowed to continue, serious casualties may arise, and the sufferer be consigned to a bed of sickness. In all disorders of the kidneys, the Ointment should be well rubbed into the small of the back, once or twice a day; and the Pills taken in unison, will cure any complaints arising from these organs.

Puffy,—Shortness of Breath with Weakness.

Very bad symptoms, which if not corrected, may tend to some serious disorders of the heart, or other vital organs. Eat moderately of solids, take six Pills nightly for some little time; take plenty of fresh air with moderate exercise, and the human machinery will be quickly restored to health and vigor. Try this last for three days only, and the result will be marvellous.

Complaints Incident to Children.

All complaints of children may soon be cured if care be taken to purify their blood, correct the action of the liver, and cleanse the stomach and bowels; a few doses of these famous Pills will immediately have the desired effect, particularly if parents be careful in not allowing them to eat of things which they know would be injurious to themselves.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague,	Female Irregularities,	Scrofula, or King's Evil.
Asthma,	Fevers of all kinds,	Sore Throats,
Bilious Complaints,	Fits,	Stone and Gravel,
Blotches on the Skin,	Gout,	Secondary Symptoms,
Bowel Complaints,	Head-ache,	Tic Douloreuxx,
Colics,	Indigestion,	Tumours,
Constipation of the Bowels,	Inflammation,	Ulcers,
Consumption,	Jaundice,	Venereal Affections,
Debility,	Liver Complaints,	Worms of all kinds.
Dropsy,	Lumbago,	Weakness from whatever cause,
Dysentery,	Piles,	&c., &c.
Erysipelas,	Rheumatism,	
	Retention of Urine,	

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s. 22s., and 33s., each Box.

*** There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

NOTICE.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between JAMES WISE and ALEXANDER EWEN, as Fishmongers, under the name of JAMES WISE & Co., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of December, 1867.

The business will be carried on by James Wise, who will receive all debts owing to the Firm, and pay all liabilities against the same. All parties indebted to the late Firm are requested to pay on or before the 1st day of January, 1868, otherwise their accounts will be handed into Court for collection.

JAMES WISE,
ALEX. EWEN.

Witness, WM. EDWARDS.
New Westminster, Dec. 13th, 1868. 1m

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the Firm name of URIAH NELSON & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

URIAH NELSON,
OTIS PARSONS.
oc58t

BURRARD INLET STAGE LINE.

The undersigned announces to the public that he has established a daily line of Stages between New Westminster and Burrard Inlet.

The Stages will start from the

ORO RESTAURANT,

COLUMBIA STREET

EVERY MORNING,

.....AT.....

TEN O'CLOCK,

Returning the same day, leaving Brighton at 3 o'clock, p. m.

FARE, $1 EACH WAY.

oc12 tc W. R. LEWIS.